

# Lutherstadt Wittenberg



## Town Church St. Mary's Church

Considered the "Mother Church of the Reformation," the Town Church heard Martin Luther preach more than 2,000 sermons, and this is where the mass was first celebrated in German rather than Latin and where the congregation first received both the bread and wine/body and blood in the Lord's Supper.



## Castle Church All Saints' Church

Best known for being the church where Martin Luther nailed the 95 Theses, the Castle Church, also known as All Saints' Church, houses the graves of both Luther and Philipp Melanchthon.



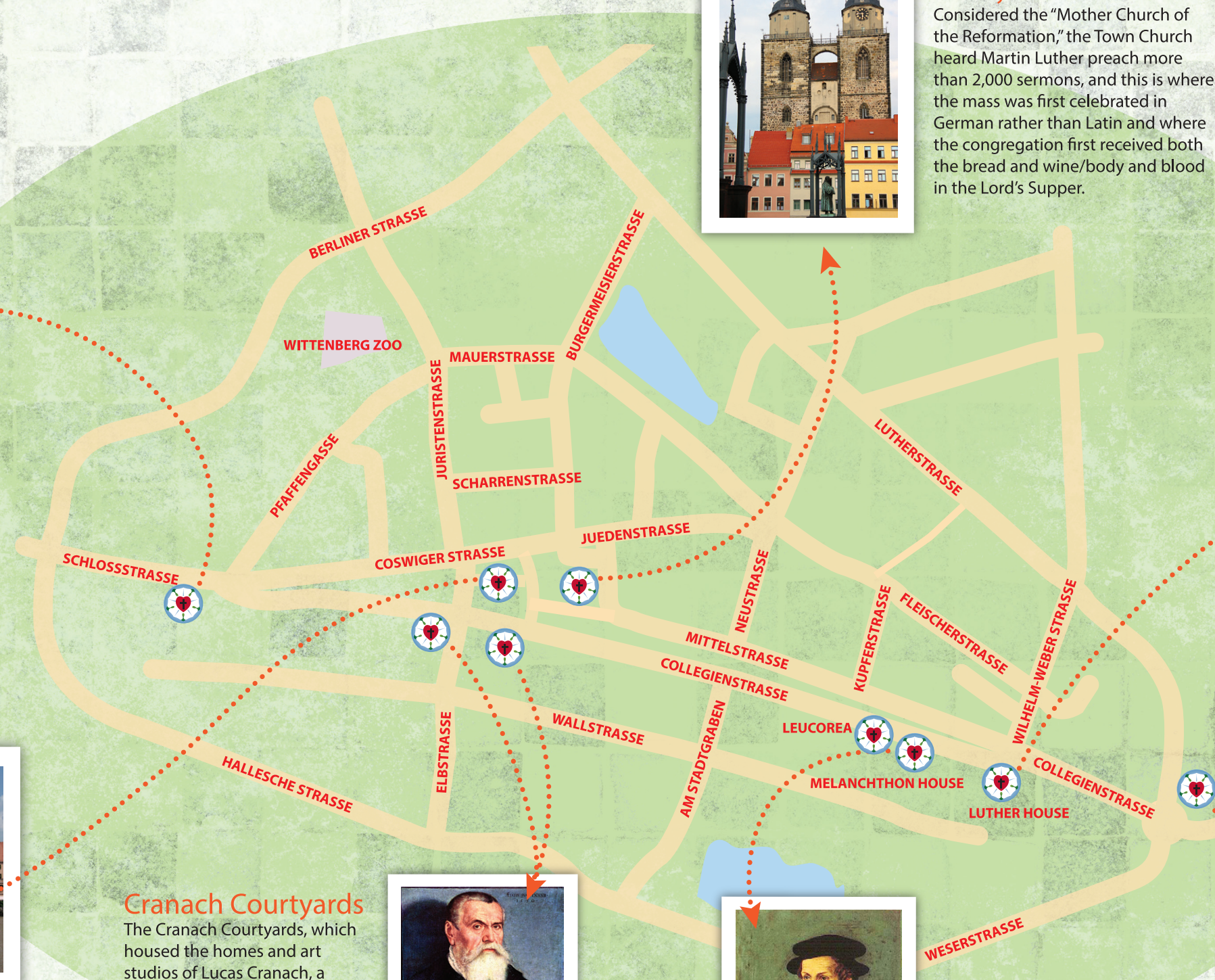
## Luther House

Martin Luther lived in this converted cloister with his family for many years. Now a museum, the Luther House is a significant stop on the tourist route through Wittenberg.



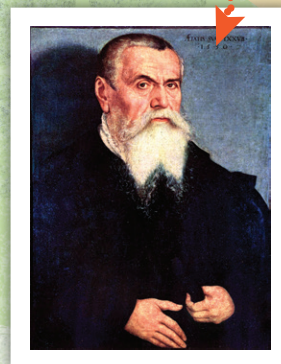
## Old Town Hall

Located in the Market Square, Wittenberg's Old Town Hall sits behind monuments to Martin Luther and Philipp Melanchthon.



## Cranach Courtyards

The Cranach Courtyards, which housed the homes and art studios of Lucas Cranach, a 16th-century artist who documented the Reformation with his portraits and woodcuts, also are situated in the center of old town Wittenberg.



## Melanchthon House

Luther's friend and fellow theologian and reformer, Philipp Melanchthon, lived in this house that was built in 1536 for him and his family.

## The Luther Oak

This oak tree was planted where Luther burned the papal bull threatening him with excommunication.