FACES OF THE REFORMATION

Luther's right-hand man and author of the Augsburg Confession

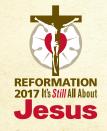




PHILIPP MELANCHTHON

Born: Feb. 16, 1497 | Bretten, Germany

Died: April 19, 1560 | Wittenberg, Germany



Lutheran Reformation.org

THIS NOVICE GREEK PROFESSOR at the

University of Wittenberg quickly grew into a gentle giant of the reform movement after he met Luther, Melanchthon's vital contribution was to systematize Luther's ideas, defend them in public and make them the basis of religious education. He is widely known for his Loci Communes, a book of Lutheran theology organized by subject matter. He was also the author of the Augsburg Confession, the primary explanation of the Lutheran faith and one of the most important documents of the Reformation. As time went by, he modified his earlier works, including the Augsburg Confession. This drew the ire of those that disagreed with Melanchthon's alterations. To this day, congregations in The Lutheran Church— Missouri Synod subscribe to the Unaltered Augsburg Confession or UAC. These letters may be found on the cornerstone of your church.

THE LUTHERAN CHURCH—MISSOURI SYNOD

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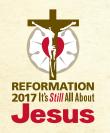
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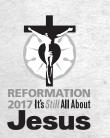
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